This report contains data through the week ending 11/10/2012 (MMWR week 45).



Overview of Influenza Surveillance: Surveillance for the 2012-2013 influenza season officially began on September 30, 2012. The Utah Department of Health publishes a weekly report throughout the active influenza season that synthesizes data from a variety of sources to give the most complete and up-to-date picture of influenza activity in the state of Utah. Data in this report should be considered provisional, and may change as more complete reports are recieved.

Influenza-like Illness (ILI): The U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Illness Surveillance Network (ILINet) is a national system that conducts surveillance for influenza-like illness (ILI) in outpatient healthcare facilities. ILINet providers report weekly the total number of patients seen for any reason and the number of patients seen with ILI (defined as a fever ≥ 100° F and a cough or sore throat). These data are used to determine the amount of ILI circulating in the community, as well as provide insight into regional differences in ILI activity. Currently, more than 50 facilities throughout Utah participate in ILINet.

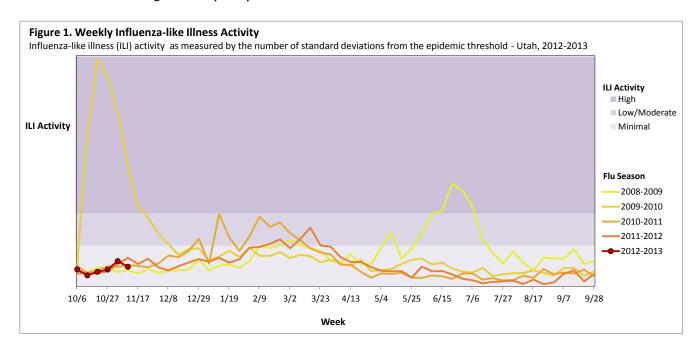


Table 1. Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Activity Levels by Health District - Utah, Current Week

| Health District | ILI Activity |
|-----------------|--------------|
| Bear River | Minimal |
| Central | Minimal |
| Davis | Minimal |
| Salt Lake | Minimal |
| Southeastern | No Data |
| Southwest | Minimal |
| Summit | Minimal |
| Tooele | Minimal |
| TriCounty | No Data |
| Utah | Minimal |
| Wasatch | Minimal |
| Weber-Morgan | Minimal |
| State | Minimal |

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Influenza Hospitalizations: Influenza hospitalizations are a reportable condition in Utah. A person meets the case definition for an influenza hospitalization if they are hospitalized for any length of time and have an influenza positive serology, DFA, PCR, or culture test (confirmed case) or a positive rapid influenza diagnostic test (probable case). Public health in Utah gathers a variety of data on influenza hospitalizations including clinical features, course of illness, risk and protective factors, and influenza type and subtype. Data from influenza hospitalizations allows public health in Utah to better understand subgroups of the Utah population that are most severely effected by influenza and help to guide prevention messages and interventions.

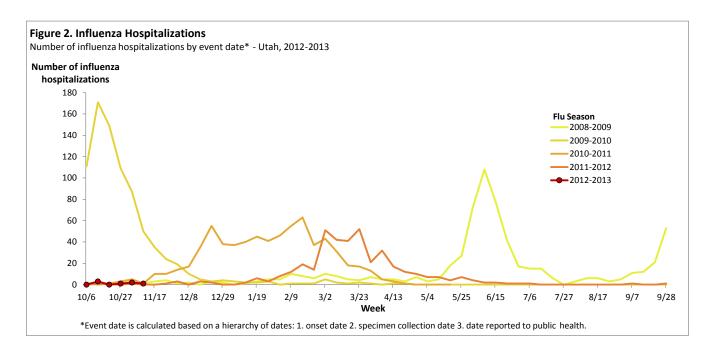


Table 2. Influenza Hospitalizations by Case Status - Utah

| | Current Week | Season To Date |
|-------------|------------------|------------------|
| Case Status | Total % of Cases | Total % of Cases |
| Confirmed | 1 100.0 | 7 100.0 |
| Probable | 0 0.0 | 0 0.0 |
| Total | 1 100.0 | 7 100.0 |

Table 3. Influenza Hospitalizations by Health District - Utah

| Health District | Current Week | Season To Date |
|------------------------|--------------|----------------|
| Bear River | 0 | 0 |
| Central | 0 | 0 |
| Davis | 0 | 3 |
| Salt Lake | 1 | 3 |
| Southeastern | 0 | 0 |
| Southwest | 0 | 0 |
| Summit | 0 | 0 |
| Tooele | 0 | 0 |
| TriCounty | 0 | 0 |
| Utah | 0 | 1 |
| Wasatch | 0 | 0 |
| Weber-Morgan | 0 | 0 |
| State | 1 | 7 |

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Table 4. Influenza Hospitalizations by Age Group - Utah, Season To Date

| Age Group | Total Cases | % of Cases | Rate* |
|-----------|-------------|------------|-------|
| 0-4 | 1 | 14.3 | 0.37 |
| 5-24 | 3 | 42.9 | 0.32 |
| 25-49 | 0 | 0.0 | 0.00 |
| 50-64 | 1 | 14.3 | 0.25 |
| 65+ | 2 | 28.6 | 0.81 |
| Total | 7 | 100.0 | 0.25 |

^{*}Rate is calculated as the number of cases per 100,000 population

Table 5. Influenza Hospitalizations by Sex and Race - Utah, Season To Date

| Variab | le | Num. of Cases | % of Cases | % in Utah Pop | p value* |
|--------|----------------------------------|---------------|------------|---------------|----------|
| Sex | Male | 3 | 42.9 | 50.3 | 0.6936 |
| | Female | 4 | 57.1 | 49.7 | 0.6936 |
| | Unknown | 0 | 0.0 | NA | |
| Race | White, Not Hispanic | 5 | 71.4 | 82.0 | 0.4646 |
| | Hispanic | 2 | 0.0 | 11.6 | 0.1603 |
| | Native Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | 0 | 0.0 | 0.7 | 0.8271 |
| | Black/African American | 0 | 0.0 | 0.9 | 0.7974 |
| | American Indian | 0 | 0.0 | 1.1 | 0.7771 |
| | Asian | 0 | 0.0 | 1.9 | 0.7150 |
| | Unknown | 0 | 0.0 | NA | |

^{*}If a p value is \leq 0.05, there is a significant difference between the percentage seen in influenza hospitalizations and the general Utah population.

Table 6. Summary Data for Influenza Hospitalizations - Utah, Season To Date

| rable of barring bata for in | machiza mos | Jitanizations | Otall, Sca. | Jon 10 Bate | | | |
|------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------|----------|--|
| | Yes | | No |) | Unkno | wn | |
| Variable | Total % | of Cases | Total 9 | % of Cases | Total % | of Cases | |
| ICU | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Ventilator | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Died | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Neurological Symptoms | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Healthcare Worker | 0 | 0.0 | 7 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Pregnant | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Heart Disorder | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Blood Disorder | 1 | 14.3 | 5 | 71.4 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Kidney Disorder | 1 | 14.3 | 5 | 71.4 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Metabolic Disorder | 2 | 28.6 | 4 | 57.1 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Chronic Respiratory Disorder | 2 | 28.6 | 4 | 57.1 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Immunosuppressed | 4 | 57.1 | 2 | 28.6 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Neurological Disorder | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Seizure Disorder | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Bacterial Co-infection | 0 | 0.0 | 6 | 85.7 | 1 | 14.3 | |
| Obese* | 1 | 20.0 | 2 | 40.0 | 2 | 40.0 | |
| Morbidly Obese* | 1 | 20.0 | 2 | 40.0 | 2 | 40.0 | |
| Risk Factor† | 7 | 100.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Vaccinated | 4 | 57.1 | 0 | 0.0 | 3 | 42.9 | |

^{*}Obesity and morbid obesity is not considered for individuals under 18 years or pregnant women. Thus total counts will not equal the total number of influenza-associated hospitalizations

[†]Risk factors for influenza include: persons < 5 years, persons ≥ 65 years, pregnant women, and persons with a chronic medical condition.





Student Absenteeism: School-age children are at high risk for respiratory virus infections, including influenza. Aggregate, all-cause absenteeism data is collected weekly from over 350 schools throughout Utah. These data are analyzed to identify elevated absenteeism rates that could indicate the circulation of influenza in school-age children.

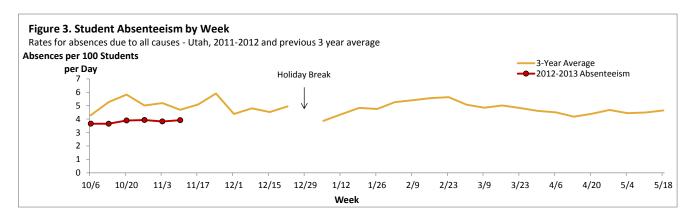
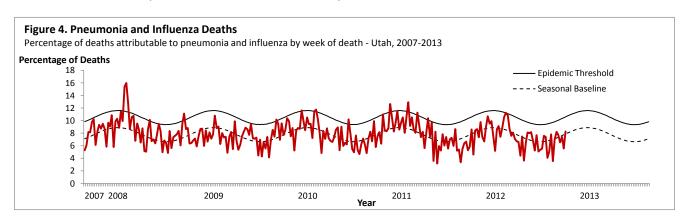


Table 7. Weekly Student Absenteeism - Utah, Current Week

| Health District | Absences per 100 |
|------------------|------------------|
| Ticular District | students/day |
| Bear River | 2.9 |
| Central | 3.9 |
| Davis | 3.1 |
| Salt Lake | 3.8 |
| Southeast | 4.8 |
| Southwest | 4.1 |
| Summit | 3.9 |
| Tooele | 4.2 |
| TriCounty | 4.4 |
| Utah | 2.1 |
| Wasatch | 3.6 |
| Weber-Morgan | 5.7 |
| State | 3.8 |

Pneumonia and Influenza Deaths: Each week the total number of death certificates received and the number of those for which pneumonia or influenza was listed as an underlying or contributing cause of death is collected. The percentage of deaths due to pneumonia and influenza are compared with a seasonal baseline and epidemic threshold value calculated for each week. These data are used to monitor the severity of influenza illness in the community.







Laboratory Surveillance: The Unified State Laboratory: Public Health recieves specimens from all over the state for comprehensive influenza testing. All specimens are tested to determine influenza type and subtype. A portion of specimens are also sent to the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention for additional testing, including gene sequencing, antiviral resistance testing and antigenic characterization.

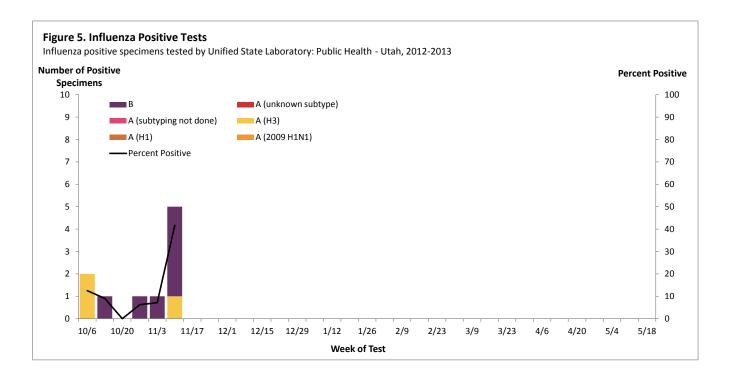


Table 8. Unified State Laboratory: Public Health Influenza Testing Data

| | Current V | Current Week | | o Date | |
|-----------------------------|-------------|--------------|--------|---------|--|
| | Total | Percent | Total | Percent | |
| Specimens tested | 12 | | 78 | | |
| Positive specimens | 5 | 41.7 | 10 | 12.8 | |
| Positiv | e Specimens | s by Type/Su | ıbtype | | |
| Influenza A | 1 | 20.0 | 3 | 30.0 | |
| A (2009 H1N1) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| A (H1) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| A (H3) | 1 | 100.0 | 3 | 100.0 | |
| A (subtyping not performed) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| A (unable to subtype) | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | |
| Influenza B | 4 | 80.0 | 7 | 70.0 | |